

DEC 0 5 1995

The Honorable Ted S. Nelson Acting Speaker Twenty-Third Guam Legislature Guam Legislature Temporary Building 155 Hesler Street Agana, Guam 96910

Via: Office of Speaker Don Parkinson

Dear Speaker Nelson:

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Enclosed please find a copy of Bill No. 295 (LS), "AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT, AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM", which I have signed into law today as Public Law No. 23-60.

This legislation addresses the pervasive use of illegal drugs and alcohol abuse as a significant factor in the commission of many crimes. It provides a forum for various government branches and departments and agencies to come together and create a program for testing persons under the jurisdiction of the criminal justice system for the use of illegal drugs and alcohol and to devise treatment programs which may be accessed by these persons wherever they may be in the criminal justice system: under arrest, under the jurisdiction of the court, in prison, on probation, or on parole.

Bill No. 295 calls together the Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, the Guam Police Department, and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse to develop and implement procedures to assess the use of controlled substances and

Speaker/Bill No. 29 December, 1995 - page 2



alcohol and to provide treatment to individuals which includes random testing for these substances.

Bill No. 205 concentrates on testing and treating those persons who are convicted of crimes involving the abuse of illegal drugs and alcohol. Persons convicted of felonies after the effective date of this legislation are required to submit to random drug testing, and treatment or sanctions will then occur based on the results.

We must apply whatever resources are available to close in on the wave of illegal drug usage contributing to the commission of crimes on our island. This legislation will assist in this effort by helping those persons who are drug users to rehabilitate their lives.

Very truly yours,

Carl T. C. Gutierrez

Attachment

230892

TWENTY-THIRD GUAM LEGISLATURE 1995 (FIRST) Regular Session

CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO THE GOVERNOR

This is to certify that Bill No. 295 (LS), "AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT, AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM," was on the 22nd day of November, 1995, duly and regularly passed.

| | DonPark- |
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| Attested: | DON PARKINSON Speaker |
| JUDITH WON PAT-BORJA Senator and Legislative Secretary | |
| This Act was received by the Governor this o'clock .M. | s <u>29th</u> day of <u>November</u> , 1995, at |
| | Assistant Staff Officer Governor's Office |
| APPROVED: | Governor's Office |
| CARL T. C. GUTIERREZ Governor of Guam | |
| Date: 12-5-95 | |
| Public Law No. 23-60 | |

TWENTY-THIRD GUAM LEGISLATURE 1995 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 295 (LS)

Introduced by:

1

M. Forbes

A. C. Lamorena V

E. Barrett-Anderson

T. S. Nelson

T. C. Ada

J. P. Aguon

A. C. Blaz

J. M. S. Brown

F. P. Camacho

M. C. Charfauros

H. A. Cristobal

C. Leon Guerrero

L. Leon Guerrero

S. L. Orsini

V. C. Pangelinan

D. Parkinson

J. T. San Agustin

A. L. G. Santos

F. E. Santos

A. R. Unpingco

J. Won Pat-Borja

AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A **SUBSTANCE** PROGRAM OF ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT, AND **TREATMENT** FOR **PERSONS** CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL **IUSTICE** SYSTEM, AS A **MEANS** OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM

Section 1. A new Chapter 88 is added to Title 9, Guam Code Annotated, to read:

"CHAPTER 88

CRIMINAL JUSTICE SUBSTANCE ABUSE ACT

§88.10. Short Title. This Act may be cited as the "Criminal Justice System Substance Abuse Act of 1995."

§88.11. Legislative Declaration. The Legislature hereby declares that substance abuse, specifically the abuse of alcohol and controlled substances, is a major problem in the criminal justice system of the Territory of Guam and in the entire Territory. Substance abuse is a significant factor in the commission of crimes and it is a significant factor in impeding the rehabilitation of persons convicted of crimes which results in an increased rate of recidivism. Therefore, the Legislature hereby resolves to curtail the disastrous effects of substance abuse in the criminal justice system and to improve and standardize substance abuse treatment for offenders at each stage of the criminal justice system and to provide punitive measures for offenders who refuse to cooperate with and respond to substance abuse treatment while such offenders are involved with the criminal justice system.

§88.20. Substance Abuse Assessment: Standardized Procedure.

- (a) The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, the Guam Police Department, and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse shall cooperate to develop and implement the following:
 - (1) A standardized procedure for the assessment of the use of controlled substances by offenders, which procedure shall include the administration of a chemical test of such offender for the presence of controlled substances or such other test of the

offender for the presence of controlled substances or alcohol as deemed appropriate by the agency which has supervision of the particular offender (hereinafter called the "supervising agency"). The assessment procedure developed pursuant to this paragraph shall provide an evaluation of the extent of an offender's abuse of substances, if any, and recommend treatment which is appropriate to the needs of the particular offender.

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(2) A system of programs for education and treatment of abuse of substances which can be utilized by offenders who are placed on probation, incarcerated with the Department of Corrections, placed on parole, or placed in community corrections. The programs developed pursuant to this paragraph shall be as flexible as possible so that such programs may be utilized by each particular offender to the extent appropriate to The programs developed pursuant to this that offender. paragraph shall be structured in such manner that the programs provide a continuum of education and treatment programs for each offender as he proceeds through the criminal justice system and may include, but shall not be limited to, attendance at selfhelp groups, group counseling, individual counseling, outpatient treatment, inpatient treatment, day care, or treatment in a therapeutic community. Also, such programs shall be developed in such a manner that, to the extent possible, the programs may be accessed by all offenders in the criminal justice system. Any programs developed pursuant to this paragraph shall include a system of periodic or random chemical testing for the presence of controlled substances or alcohol, or such other testing as provided

in paragraph (1) of this subsection (a). The frequency of such testing shall be that which is appropriate to the particular offender in accordance with the offender's assessment performed pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection (a).

- (3) A system of punitive sanctions for offenders who test positive for the use of substances subsequent to the initial test and after being placed in an education or treatment program. The sanctions developed pursuant to this paragraph should allow for appropriate responses by the criminal justice system to each occurrence of a positive test by an offender, each of which shall become a permanent part of the offender's record.
- (b) The procedures for assessment, treatment, and sanctions required to be developed by subsection (a) of this section shall be implemented only to the extent moneys are available in the Drug Treatment and Enforcement Fund, provided that, in all cases, persons referred or ordered to receive assessment, treatment, or sanctions shall do so at their own expense, unless they are indigent.
- (c) The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, the Guam Police Department, and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse shall cooperate to develop a schedule of fees sufficient to cover the costs of assessment, testing, and treatment as required by this section. All persons referred or ordered to receive assessment, testing, or treatment shall be made to pay for such, in accordance with the fee schedule, except in such cases where the person is determined to be indigent.
- §88.30. Substance Abuse Assessment Required for Convicted Felons and Controlled Substance Offenders.

(a) Each person convicted of a felony committed on or after the effective date of this Act who is to be considered for probation, shall be required, as part of the presentence or probation investigation, to submit to an assessment for the use of controlled substances or alcohol developed pursuant to \$88.20(a)(1). The Court shall order such person to comply with the recommendations of such assessment as a condition of probation, at the person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.

- (b) Each person convicted of a misdemeanor involving the abuse of any substance, the abuse of which is considered illegal under Guam law, which was committed on or after the effective date of this Act shall be required to submit to an alcohol and drug evaluation. The Court shall order such person to comply with the recommendations of such evaluation, at the person's own expense unless such person is indigent. If such person is sentenced to probation, such person shall be ordered to comply with the recommendations as a condition of probation at such person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.
- (c) The assessment required by subsection (a) of this section or the evaluation required by subsection (b) of this section shall be at the expense of the person assessed or evaluated, unless such person is indigent.

§88.35. Sentencing of Felons: Parole of Felons: Treatment and Testing Based Upon Assessment Required.

(a) Each person sentenced by the court for a felony committed on or after the effective date of this Act shall be required, as part of any sentence to probation, community corrections, or incarceration with the Department of Corrections, to undergo periodic testing and treatment for substance abuse which is appropriate to such person based upon the recommendations of the assessment made pursuant to §88.30 of this Act, or based upon any subsequent

recommendations by the Department of Corrections or the Superior Court of Guam, whichever is appropriate. Any such testing or treatment shall be at such person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.

(b) Each person placed on parole by the Territorial Parole Board on or after the effective date of this act, shall be required, as a condition of such parole, to undergo periodic testing and treatment for substance abuse which is appropriate to such person based upon the recommendations of the assessment made pursuant to §88.30 of this Act, or any assessment or subsequent reassessment made regarding such person during his incarceration or any period of parole. Any such testing or treatment shall be at such person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.

§88.40. Departments Develop Testing Programs: Punitive Sanctions.

- (a) The Superior of Guam, the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse, the Department of Corrections, and the Territorial Parole Board, shall cooperate to develop programs for the periodic testing of offenders under the jurisdiction of each agency and programs for the periodic reassessment of appropriate treatment and testing made in the initial substance abuse assessment required by §88.30 of this Act, or any subsequent reassessment.
- (b) Any offender who tests positive for the use of alcohol or controlled substances subsequent to the initial test required by §88.30 of this Act shall be subjected to a punitive sanction. The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, and the Territorial Parole Board shall cooperate to develop and make public a range of punitive sanctions for those offenders under the jurisdiction of each agency which are appropriate to the offenders supervised by each particular agency. Such punitive sanctions shall be formulated in such a way as to promote fairness and consistency in the

treatment of offenders and may include, but shall not be limited to, increases 1 2 in the level of an offender's supervision, increases in the use of electronic monitoring of an offender, loss of earned time granted pursuant to any 3 appropriate local law or program, and referral of the offender to the court or 4 the Territorial Parole Board for re-sentencing or revocation of probation or 5 parole. It is the intent of the legislature that any offender's test which is 6 positive for the use of controlled substances or alcohol shall result in an 7 intensified level of testing, treatment, supervision, or other sanctions 8 designed to control abuse of substances for such offender.

(c) The Superior Court, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse shall cooperate to develop a range of incentives for offenders under the jurisdiction of each particular agency to discontinue abuse of alcohol or controlled substances.

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- (d) No later than six (6) months after the effective date of this Act, the 15 Territorial Parole Board shall develop and make public guidelines for the 16 revocation of parole due to the abuse of alcohol or controlled substances in 17 18 violation of this act.
- §88.50. Samples for Testing of Offenders. Any type of sample for the 19 chemical testing of any offender for the presence of controlled substances or 20 alcohol pursuant to this Act may be collected from such offender by his probation officer, parole officer, case manager within the Department of 22 Corrections, or any contract provider of testing services. 23
 - §88.51. Drug Treatment and Enforcement Fund. There is established a Drug Treatment and Enforcement Fund, which shall be maintained by the Department of Administration separately from the General Fund or any other fund of the government of Guam. All funds collected from fines levied

against offenders convicted of any offense involving the illegal possession,

2 illegal possession with the intent to distribute, illegal importation or illegal

manufacture of any controlled substance as defined in 9 GCA Chapter 97,

4 shall be deposited in this fund.

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§88.60. Report to the Legislature. On or before September 1, 1996, the 5 Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial 6 7 Parole Board, the Guam Police Department, and the Department of Mental 8 Health and Substance Abuse shall jointly make a report to a committee meeting of the Guam Legislature's standing committee with appropriate 9 10 oversight (as designated by the Legislative Committee on Rules) regarding the implementation of this Act; the results of the programs created by this Act, 11 12 including any reduction in substance abuse by offenders while incarcerated; 13 the standardized procedures developed pursuant to this act; and the number and kinds of punitive sanctions imposed upon offenders pursuant to this Act." 14

TWENTY-THIRD GUAM LEGIS ATURE 1995 (FIRST) Regular Session

| Date: | 11 | /22/ | 95 |
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VOTING SHEET

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| ADA, Thomas C. | L | | | |
| AGUON, John P. | | | | |
| BARRETT-ANDERSON, Elizabeth | L | | | |
| BLAZ, Anthony C. | Lum | | | |
| BROWN, Joanne S. | Lucia | | | |
| CAMACHO, Felix P. | Lauren | | | |
| CHARFAUROS, Mark C | سسا | | | |
| CRISTOBAL, Hope A. | V | | | |
| FORBES,~MARK | L- | | | |
| LAMORENA, Alberto C., V | 6.0 | | | |
| LEON GUERRERO, Carlotta | u | | | |
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| NELSON, Ted S. | اسسا | | | |
| ORSINI, Sonny L. | ا | | | |
| PANGELINAN, Vicente C | سسا | | | |
| PARKINSON, Don | L | | | |
| SAN AGUSTIN, Joe T. | اسسا | | | |
| SANTOS, Angel L. G. | سسسا | | | |
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| UNPINGCO, Antonio R. | | | | book |
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| CERTIFIED TRUE AND CORRECT: | | | | |

Recording Secretary

br 22,00

Senaor Mark C. Charfauros

Chairman

Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs Twenty-Third Guam Legislature

Tel.: (671) 472-3342/3/5

Fax: (671) 472-3440

September 21, 1995

SPEAKER DON PARKINSON Twenty-Third Guam Legislature 155 Hesler St. Agana, Guam 96910

Dear Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs to which was referred **Bill No. 295**, wishes to report back to the Legislature with its recommendation to pass **Bill No. 295** - "AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM."

The voting record is as follows:

| TO PASS | 11 |
|---------------------------|----|
| NOT TO PASS | 0 |
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| TO PLACE IN INACTIVE FILE | _0 |

Copies of the Committee Report and other pertinent documents are attached.

Your attention to this matter is greatly appreciated.

Attachments

MARK C. CHARFAUROS

Senator Mark C. Charfauros

Chairman

Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs Twenty-Third Guam Legislature

Tel.: (671) 472-3342/3/5

Fax: (671) 472-3440

September 25, 1995

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Members

FROM:

Chairman

SUBJECT: Committee Report - **Bill No. 295** -"AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM."

Transmitted herewith for your information and action is the Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs' Report on the subject Bill.

The narrative report is accompanied by the following:

- 1. Original Bill 295;
- 2. Committee Voting Sheet;
- 3. Testimony and Sign-in Sheet
- 4. Public Hearing Notice.

Should you have any questions on the narrative report or the accompanying documents, I would be most happy to answer any of them.

Please take the appropriate action on the attached voting sheet and return the documents to my office for transmittal to the other members.

Your attention and cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Attachments.

MARK C. CHARFAUROS

COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE A ENVIRONMENTAL

23rd Guam Legislature VOTING RECORD

Bill No. 295, -"AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM."

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| | JUDITH WONDAT-BORJA, Vice-Chairperson | | | | | |
| | H. C. ala | <u> </u> | | | | |
| | THOMAS C. ADA, Member | | | | | |
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| | ELIZABETH BARRETT-ANDERSON, Member | | | | | - |
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| | JOANNE BROWN, Member | | - " | | | |
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| | ANTHONY C. BLAZ, Member | | | *************************************** | | |
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| | HOPE CRISTOBAL, Member | | | | *************************************** | |
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| | A. TONY LAMORENA, Member | | | | | |
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| | LOU LEON GUERRERO, Member | - Compression of the Compression | | | | |
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| | TED S. NELSON, Member | | W | | | |
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| | VICENTE C. PANGELINAN, Member | | | | - \ | |
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| | ANGEL L.G. SANTOS, Member | *************************************** | | | | |
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| | DON PARKINSON, Ex-Officio Member | | | | | |

COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

Twenty-Third Guam Legislature

COMMITTEE REPORT

on

Bill No. 295

"AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM."

SEPTEMBER 20, 1995

I. OVERVIEW

The Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs scheduled a public hearing on September 20, 1995 at 9:30 p.m. at the Legislative Public Hearing Room. Public notice was announced on the September 19, 1995 issue of the PDN. Members present were:

Senator Mark C. Charfauros, Chairman

Senator Ben Pangelinan

Senator Ted Nelson

Senator Judith WonPat-Borja

Senator Hope Cristobal

Senator Angel L.G. Santos

Senator Tom Ada

Senator Lou Leon Guerrero

Senator Alberto Lamorena

Senator Mark Forbes, nonmember

Appearing before the Committee to testify on the bill were:

Mr. Charles Stake, Chief Prosecutor, Department of Law, written.

Mr. Calvin Holloway, Attorney General, Department of Law, written.

II. SUMMARY F TESTIMONY

Mr. Charles Stake, Chief Prosecutor, Department of Law, testified in support of Bill 295; written; attached.

Mr. Martin P. Santos, Acting Chief Probation Officer, Superior Court of Guam, testified in support of Bill 295; written; attached.

III. FINDING AD RECOMMENDATION

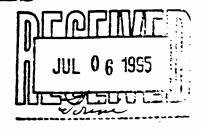
The Committee finds that substance abuse is a major problem in the criminal justice system of the Territory of Guam. The Committee further finds that this abuse is a significant factor in the commission of crimes and in impeding the rehabilitation of persons convicted of crimes which results in an increased rate of recidivism.

The Committee further finds that this Bill would have a significant impact on the sanctions imposed on persons who test positive.

Accordingly, the Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs, to which was referred **Bill No. 295**, does hereby submit its findings and recommendation to the Twenty-Third Guam Legislature **TO DO PASS Bill No. 295**,-"AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM."



Twenty-Third Guam Legislature 155 Hesler St., Agana, Guam 96910



July 5, 1995

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Chairman.

Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice

Environmental Affairs

FROM:

Acting Chairman, Committee on Rules

SUBJECT: Referral - Bill No. 295

The above Bill is referred to your Committee as the principal Please note that the referral is subject to ratification by the Committee on Rules at its next meeting. It is recommended you schedule a public hearing at your earliest convenience.

Attachment:

TWENTY-THIRD GUAM LEGISLATURE 1995 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 295
Introduced by:

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M. Forbes

A. C. Lamorena V

E. Barrett Anderson

AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM .

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

Section 1. A new Chapter 88 is added to 9 GCA to read:

"CHAPTER 88 CRIMINAL JUSTICE SUBSTANCE ABUSE ACT

§ 88. 10. Short Title. This act may be cited as the "Criminal Justice System Substance Abuse Act of 1995."

§ 88. 11. Legislative Declaration. The Legislature hereby declares that substance abuse, specifically the abuse of alcohol and controlled substances, is a major problem in the criminal justice system of the Territory of Guam and in the entire Territory. Substance abuse is a significant factor in the commission of crimes and it is a significant factor in impeding the rehabilitation of persons convicted of crimes which results in an increased rate of recidivism. Therefore, the Legislature

hereby resolves to current the disastrous effects of substance abuse in the criminal justice system and to improve and standardize substance abuse treatment for offenders at each stage of the criminal justice system and to provide punitive measures for offenders who refuse to cooperate with and respond to substance abuse treatment while such offenders are involved with the criminal justice system.

§ 88. 20. Substance Abuse Assessment: Standardized Procedure.

- (a) The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, the Guam Police Department and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse shall cooperate to develop and implement the following:
- (1) A standardized procedure for the assessment of the use of controlled substances by offenders, which procedure shall include the administration of a chemical test of such offender for the presence of controlled substances or such other test of the offender for the presence of controlled substances or alcohol as deemed appropriate by the agency which has supervision of the particular offender (hereinafter called the "supervising agency"). The assessment procedure developed pursuant to this paragraph shall provide an evaluation of the extent of an offender's abuse of substances, if any, and recommend treatment which is appropriate to the needs of the particular offender.
- (2) A system of programs for education and treatment of abuse of substances which can be utilized by offenders who are placed on probation, incarcerated with the Department of Corrections, placed on parole, or placed in community corrections. The programs developed pursuant to this paragraph shall be as flexible as possible so that such programs may be utilized by each particular offender to the extent appropriate to that offender. The programs developed pursuant to this paragraph shall be structured in such manner that the programs provide a continuum of education and treatment programs for each offender as he proceeds through the criminal justice system and may include, but shall not be limited to, attendance at self-help groups, group counseling, individual counseling, outpatient treatment, inpatient treatment, day care, or treatment in a therapeutic community. Also, such programs shall be developed in such a manner that, to the extent possible, the programs may be accessed by all offenders in the criminal justice system. Any programs developed pursuant to this paragraph shall include a system of periodic or random chemical testing for the presence of controlled substances or alcohol, or such other testing as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection (a). The frequency of such testing shall be that which is appropriate to the particular offender

in accordance with the offender's assessment performed pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection (a).

- (3) A system of punitive sanctions for offenders who test positive for the use of substances subsequent to the initial test and after being placed in an education or treatment program. The sanctions developed pursuant to this paragraph should allow for appropriate responses by the criminal justice system to each occurrence of a positive test by an offender, each of which shall become a permanent part of the offender's record.
- (b) The procedures for assessment, treatment, and sanctions required to be developed by subsection (a) of this section shall be implemented only to the extent moneys are available in the Drug Treatment and Enforcement Fund, provided that in all cases persons referred or ordered to receive assessment, treatment or sanctions shall do so at their own expense, unless they are indigent.
- (c) The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, the Guam Police Department and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse shall cooperate to develop a schedule of fees sufficient to cover the costs of assessment, testing and treatment as required by this section. All persons referred or ordered to receive assessment, testing or treatment shall be made to pay for such, in accordance with the fee schedule, except in such cases where the person is determined to be indigent.

§ 88. 30. Substance Abuse Assessment Required for Convicted Felons and Controlled Substance Offenders.

- (a) Each person convicted of a felony committed on or after the effective date of this act who is to be considered for probation, shall be required, as part of the presentence or probation investigation, to submit to an assessment for the use of controlled substances or alcohol developed pursuant to Section 3 (a) (1). The Court shall order such person to comply with the recommendations of such assessment as a condition of probation, at the person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.
- (b) Each person convicted of a misdemeanor involving the abuse of any substance, the abuse of which is considered illegal under Guam law, which was committed on or after the effective date of this act shall be required to submit to an alcohol and drug evaluation. The Court shall order such person to comply with the recommendations of such evaluation, at the person's own expense unless such person is indigent. If such person is sentenced to probation, such person shall be

ordered to comply with the recommendations as a condition of probation at such person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.

(c) The assessment required by subsection (a) of this section or the evaluation required by subsection (b) of this section shall be at the expense of the person assessed or evaluated, unless such person is indigent.

§ 88. 35. Sentencing of Felons: Parole of Felons: Treatment and Testing Based Upon Assessment Required.

- (a) Each person sentenced by the court for a felony committed on or after the effective date of this act shall be required, as part of any sentence to probation, community corrections, or incarceration with the Department of Corrections, to undergo periodic testing and treatment for substance abuse which is appropriate to such person based upon the recommendations of the assessment made pursuant to Section 4 of this act, or based upon any subsequent recommendations by the Department of Corrections or the Superior Court of Guam, whichever is appropriate. Any such testing or treatment shall be at such person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.
- (b) Each person placed on parole by the Territorial Parole Board on or after the effective date of this act, shall be required, as a condition of such parole, to undergo periodic testing and treatment for substance abuse which is appropriate to such person based upon the recommendations of the assessment made pursuant to Section 4 of this act, or any assessment or subsequent reassessment made regarding such person during his incarceration or any period of parole. Any such testing or treatment shall be at such person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.

§ 88. 40. Departments Develop Testing Programs: Punitive Sanctions.

- (a) The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse, the Department of Corrections, and the Territorial Parole Board, shall cooperate to develop programs for the periodic testing of offenders under the jurisdiction of each agency and programs for the periodic reassessment of appropriate treatment and testing made in the initial substance abuse assessment required by Section 4 of this act, or any subsequent reassessment.
- (b) Any offender who tests positive for the use of alcohol or controlled substances subsequent to the initial test required by Section 4 of this act shall be subjected to a punitive sanction. The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections and the Territorial Parole Board shall cooperate to develop and make public a range of punitive sanctions for those offenders under the jurisdiction of each agency which are appropriate to the offenders supervised by each particular

1 agency. Such punitive sanctions shall be formulated in such a way as to promote 2 fairness and consistency in the treatment of offenders and may include, but shall not be limited to, increases in the level of an offender's supervision, increases in the use 3 of electronic monitoring of an offender, loss of earned time granted pursuant to any appropriate local law or program, and referral to the offender to the court or the Territorial Parole Board for re-sentencing or revocation of probation or parole. It is the intent of the legislature that any offender's test which is positive for the use of controlled substances or alcohol shall result in an intensified level of testing, treatment, supervision, or other sanctions designed to control abuse of substances for such offender.

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- (c) The Superior Court, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, and the Department of mental Health and Substance Abuse shall cooperate to develop a range of incentives for offenders under the jurisdiction of each particular agency to discontinue abuse of alcohol or controlled substances.
- (d) No later than six (6) months after the effective date of this act, the Territorial Parole Board shall develop and make public guidelines for the revocation of parole due to the abuse of alcohol or controlled substances in violation of this act.
- Samples for Testing of Offenders. Any type of sample for the chemical testing of any offender for the presence of controlled substances or alcohol pursuant to this act may be collected from such offender by his probation officer, parole officer, case manager within the Department of Corrections, or any contract provider of testing services.
- § 88. 51. Drug Treatment and Enforcement Fund. There is established a Drug Treatment and Enforcement Fund, which shall be maintained by the Department of Administration separately from the General Fund or any other fund of the government of Guam. All funds collected from fines levied against offenders convicted of any offense involving the illegal possession, illegal possession with the intent to distribute, illegal importation or illegal manufacture of any controlled substance as defined in Chapter 97, 9 GCA, shall be deposited in this fund.
- § 88. 60. Report to the Legislature. On or before September 1, 1996, the Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, the Guam Police Department and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse shall jointly make a report to a committee meeting of the Guam Legislature's standing committee with appropriate oversight (as designated by the Legislative Committee on Rules) regarding the implementation of this act, the

- results of the programs created by this act including any reduction in substance
- 2 abuse by offenders while incarcerated, the standardized procedures developed
- 3 pursuant to this act, and the number and kinds of punitive sanctions imposed upon
- 4 offender pursuant to this act. "

Sengor Mark C. Charguros

Chairman

Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs Twenty-Third Guam Legislature

Ada's Commercial & Professional Center 138 East Marine Dr., Suite 101C-Annex Agana, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 472-3342~3 Fax: (671) 472-3440

WITNESS SIGN-IN SHEET

Tuesday, March 7, 1995 9:30 a.m. Public Hearing Room Guam Legislature, Agana

Bill No. 295: AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM

| NAME (please print) | ORGANIZATION | ORAL/WRITTEN | FOR/AGAINST |
|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| MARTIN P. SANTOS | Supspion Court | WRITTEN | F=12 |
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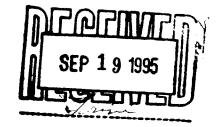


Calvin E. Holloway, Sr. Attorney General

Gus F. Diaz Chief Deputy Attorney General

Office of the Attorney General Territory of Guam

Phone: (671) 475-3324 Telefax: (671) 472-2493



September 19, 1995

The Honorable Mark C. Charfauros Chairman, Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs Twenty-Third Guam Legislature Ada's Commercial & Professional Center 138 East Marine Drive, Suite 101C-Annex Agana, Guam 96910

Re: Bill Nos. 263, 295, 300, 313, and 363

Dear Senator Charfauros:

Hafa Adai!

Thank you for your letter of September 13, 1995, concerning the Public Hearing on Wednesday, September 20, 1995, regarding subject bills.

Mr. Charles Stake, our Chief Prosecutor will testify on those bills which concern our Prosecution Division...Bill Nos. 263, 295, 300, and 313. Mr. Eric Heisel will provide testimony on Bill No. 363. Our written comments on each of the subject bills is enclosed.

If there are any questions, please call me.

With thanks in anticipation of your consideration.



Ltr. to Sen. Mark Charfauros September 19, 1995 Page 2

Dångkolo Na Agradesimento - Thank You Very Much!

With best regards,

CALVIN E. HOLLOWAY, SR. Attorney General

Enclosures

cc: Chief Prosecutor, Prosecution Division Eric Heisel, Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division

senmacha.of5 CEH.jrc





GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AGANA GUAM 96910

September 18, 1995

Intra-Department Memorandum

RECEIVED

SEP 1 8 1995

To:

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

Via:

Attorney General Chief -Chief Deputy Attorney Gener

From:

Chief Prosecutor

Subject:

Comments on Bills 263, 295, 300 and 313

Set out below, please find the comments you requested on Bills 263, 295, 300, and 313.

Bill No. 263

p. 2, LL: 30-31 I would seek to have the exception read:

"and has been convicted of a felony for the first time relative to the possession of crystal methamphetamine any controlled substance . . . "

p. 2, L: 33 A mandatory fine of \$5,000.00 may work against one of the concerns noted in the findings, the economic hardship that ice use causes families. There should be a hardship exception which the court can apply at its discretion.

Page 3- I like the idea of fines going into a drug treatment and It should be noted that the drug that enforcement fund. contributes most to crime on Guam is alcohol. appropriate to suggest that, if the legislature is serious about curbing crime and substance abuse, that the alcohol tax be increased and the additional revenues placed in this fund.

This Bill, Bill No. 295, and the entirety 9 GCA Chapter 67, would benefit from several broad ranging provisions:

A section that clarifies that residual amounts of controlled substances qualify for purposes of "possession".

A provision that equates use with possession, by including in the definition of possession, the possession



Intra-Dept. Memo A.G.
Subj: Comments on Bills 263, 295, 300 and 313
September 18, 1995
Page 2

in one's bloodstream of the drug (or a similar formula). The statute could make the presence of metabolites (in blood or urine) expressly admissible as evidence of possession in the bloodstream. This could also be accomplished by having a provision that directly penalizes USE of controlled substances.

Bill No. 295

As noted above, this Bill would be improved by a provision making clear that knowing use necessarily incorporates knowing possession. This would have a significant impact on the sanctions imposed on folks who test positive. Rather than the administrative provisions discussed in section 88.40, they could also be prosecuted. Prisoners would be liable for Possession and for Promoting Prison Contraband. Folks on Parole or Probation could be processed for revocation as well as outright prosecution. It is important that the Bill NOT limit sanctions imposable so as to preclude prosecution.

Consideration should be given to adding a provision that mandates urine testing for all persons ARRESTED for any felony. [This last idea flows from a federal program goal from some years back. It's constitutionality should be researched before it receives serious consideration. It may be possible to institute such a program if it is appropriately limited and the legislation is carefully worded.]

Bill No. 300 This provision should be enacted post haste.

Bill No. 313 This Bill looks good on its face. Its intent is to comply with federal grant requirements and we support this objective.

Submitted for your information.

CHARLES D. STAKE





Guam Judicial Center ● 120 West O'Brien Drive ● Agana, Guam 96910

Martin P. Santos Chief Probation Officer, Acting

> Telephone (671) 475-3448 Fax (671) 477-4944

September 20, 1995

The Honorable Mark Charfauros Senator & Chairman Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs Twenty Third Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Street Agana, Guam 96919

Dear Mr. Chairman,

Criminal Justice Substance Abuse Act

Hafa Adai my name is Martin P. Santos, Acting Chief Probation Officer for the Division of Probation Services of the Superior Court of Guam. Thank you for the oppurtunity to testify for this proposed legislation.

Attached, you will find the statistics of the criminal referrals regarding substance abuse and the total amount of clients placed on probation.

As you can see the steady increase of substance abuse is reflected in the amount of referrals this Division receives. It is satisfying to see that this legislature will take a position to treat this social epidemic and is willing to create legislation to curb the substance abuse problem.

Under the urging of the Judicial Council, Judges of the Superior Court of Guam, GPD's Crime Lab, and the Division of Probation has implemented a Urinalysis Testing Procedure for criminal referrals. This allows Court Probation Officers the ability to randomly test court ordered clients. This Division also conducts the Alcohol Treatment Program for all DUI referrals as part of their conditions of probation.

I realize that the Court Probation's program only touches the surface of the problem and this legislation will call for a larger group of dedicated public servants to try to implement policy. It is a step in the right direction and with you support we can manage this problem.

Martin P. Santos

Division of Probation Services Referrals

| Adult Section (1990-1995) | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Туре | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 |
| Felony | 122 | 92 | 152 | 254 | 292 | |
| Misdeamor | 269 | 245 | 727 | 1019 | 759 | |
| Total | 430 | 341 | 879 | 1273 | 1051 | 625 |

| Juvenile Section (1990-1995) | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Туре | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 |
| Felony | 281 | 207 | 286 | 370 | 258 | |
| Misdeamor | 366 | 395 | . 288 | 352 | 377 | |
| Status Offense | 107 | 127 | 106 | 101 | 89 | |
| Total | 677 | 729 | 680 | 823 | 724 | 296 |

| Pre-Trial Section (1990-1995) | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Type | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | |
| Felony | 203 | 288 | 403 | 422 | | | |
| Misd/Cited | 374 | 379 | 399 | 178 | | | |
| Total | 617 | 667 | 802 | 600 | | | |

| Alte | Alternative Sentencing Office Case Load (1990-1994) | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| Туре | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | | |
| Repeat | 307 | 373 | 493 | 700 | | | | |
| Programs | 774 | 968 | 1678 | 2081 | | | | |
| Total | 1081 | 1341 | 2171 | 2781 | | | | |

| | Substanc | e Abuse Si | tatistics 199 | 0-1994 | |
|-------------------|----------|------------|---------------|--------|------|
| Year | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
| | | Adı | ılt | | |
| Felony | 7 | 7 | 13 | 18 | 38 |
| DUI w/ Injuries | 15 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 12 |
| DUI | 79 | 201 | 350 | 386 | 546 |
| Reckless Driving | 16 | 13 | 125 | 74 | 104 |
| | | Juven | iles | | |
| Felony | 4 | 8 | 9 | | 6 |
| Consuming Alcohol | 13 | 10 | 6 | | 5 |
| Possession | 11 | 5 | 23 | | 20 |
| DUI | 0 | 6 | 3 | | 1 |

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JUL 2 7 1995

| Mill No. 295 Amendatory BIII | | NO [| | | to Received ? | |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------|---|
| Department/Agency Department/Agency Total FY Appropri | y Held: Presid | ling Judge Al | berto Lamore | n the program | n area of Pub | olic Safety/ |
| Bill Title (pream | | | | | | |
| a program of subst | tance abuse to | esting, asses | sment and tr | eatment for p | persons convi | cted and |
| involved in the Gu | ıam Criminal . | Justice Syste | m, as a mear | s of reducing | g recidivism, | addressing |
| offenders as a hig | gh risk group | , and reducin | g substance | abuse and its | s deleterious | effects in |
| Territory of Guam. | | | | | **** | |
| Change in Law: Ar | | | | | | |
| 8111's Impact on | Present Progr X Increase | Tam Funding:Decrease | Real1 | ocation | _No Change | |
| 8111 is for: | X Operations | Capital | Improvement | Other (| |) |
| | | | L/PROGRAM IN | PACI | | |
| | P | | | | | |
| PROGRAM CATEG | ORY | GENERAL FUND | (sam refut | EMENTS (Per 1 OTHER | TOTAL | |
| Public Safety/Publ Welfare | ic Health | | - | | 1./ | |
| | ESTIMATI | D HULTI-YEAR | FUND REQUIR | ENENTS (Per B | 111) | |
| FUND | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th | 5th | TOTAL |
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| FUNDS ADEQUATE T AGENCY/PERSON/DA | O COVER INTENTED: | OF THE BILL | 7 YES/NO-1F | 10, XXX L AHO | JNT REQUIRED | \$ |
| EVAL | lst | ILMATED POTEN | TIAL MATI-Y | EAR REVENUES | șta - | TOTAL |
| GENERAL FUND OTHER TOTAL | | | | | *********** | *************************************** |
| Charles AXALYST Christine | | MTE 7/25/95 | DIRECTORIA | myh E. Ru seph E. River | a. Acting D | 111 2 7 1995 |

Bill No. 295 proposes to improve and standardize substance abuse treatment for offenders at each stage of the Criminal Justice System and to provide punitive measures for offenders. proposed legislation addresses the following: the administration of a chemical test of such offender for the presence of a controlled substance or alcohol, educational and treatment programs in substance abuse by offenders who are placed on probation, incarcerated with DepCor, placed on parole or placed in community corrections, and a system of periodic or random chemical testing. The proposed legislation addresses that procedures for assessment, treatment, and sanctions required be developed only to the extent moneys are available in the Drug Treatment & Enforcement Fund, (collected from fines levied against offenders convicted of any offense involving illegal possession, distribution, importation or manufacture) provided that in all cases persons referred or ordered to receive assessment, treatment or sanctions shall do so at their own expense, unless they are indigent. The proposed legislation further addresses the development of a fee schedule sufficient to cover costs of assessment, testing and treatment. The proposed legislation will have a fiscal impact on the general fund relative to the agencies involved in the program area of public safety as well as public health & welfare, however, the impact cannot be quantified at such time.



Notice of Public Hearing

23rd Guam Legislature

Senator

Mark C. Charfauros

Chairman, Committee on Judiciary, Criminal Justice and Environmental Affairs

Bill No. 263: AN ACT TO ADD A NEW §80.30.1, A NEW §80.31.1 AND A NEW §67.62.1 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO MANDATORY SENTENCING FOR THE POSSESSION OF CRYSTAL METHAMPHETAMINE, AND THE CREATION OF A SPECIAL FUND TO SUPPORT DRUG TREATMENT AND EDUCATION AND LAW ENFORCEMENT, FOR THE PURPOSES OF COMBATING THE INCREASING ABUSE OF CRYSTAL METHAMPHETAMINE, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS "ICE", IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM AND TO PROTECT THE YOUTH OF GUAM FROM THE DANGERS OF THIS ILLEGAL SUBSTANCE;

BIII No. 295: AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM;

Bill-No. 300: AN ACT TO AMEND PUBLIC LAW 22-116 TO INCLUDE JUVENILES CONVICTED OF SEXUAL ASSAULT UPON ANOTHER PERSON TO UNDERGO MANDATORY TESTING FOR HIV OR OTHER SEXUAL DISEASES;

Bill No. 307 as substituted: AN ACT TO ADD A NEW SECTION 70.26 TO CHAPTER 70 OF TITLE 9 GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO PROHIBITING THE USE OF MOTORIZED VESSELS IN AREAS WHERE NO RECREATIONAL WATER USE MASTER PLAN EXISTS;

Bill No. 313: AN ACT TO AMEND CHAPTER 86 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION COMMISSION:

Bill No. 316: AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE GUAM JUDICIAL COUNCIL TO ADOPT STANDARD JUDICIAL FORMS FOR PURPOSES OF FILING CIVIL AND CRIMINAL LITIGATIONS, SPECIAL PROCEEDINGS, PETITIONS, MOTIONS, NOTICES, ORDERS AND REQUESTS THAT MAY BE FILED IN COURT.

Bill No. 334: AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT \$8106 OF TITLE 7 GCA RELATIVE TO AUTHORIZING MARSHALS OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF GUAM TO ISSUE TRAFFIC CITATIONS; Bill No. 356: AN ACT TO AMEND SUBSECTION (6) OF \$5.55 OF TITLE 8, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO AMENDING THE DEFINITION OF "PEACE OFFICER" FOR THE CUSTOMS AND QUARANTINE AGENCY;

Bill No. 363: AN ACT TO AMEND \$3401.0(h) OF TITLE 16, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO AUTHORIZING GOVERNMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL TO ENFORCE STATUTES CONCERNING ACCESSIBLE PARKING FOR PERSONS. WITH DISABILITIES;

Bill No. 364: AN ACT TO ADD A NEW SUBSECTION (H) TO SECTION 3339 AND AMEND SECTION 3315 ALL TO TITLE 16 GUAM CODE ANNOTATED RELATIVE TO TRAFFIC SIGNALS.

Date: Wednesday, September 20, 1995

Time: 9:30 a.m.

Place: Public Hearing Room,

Guam Legislature Temporary Bldg., Agana, Guam

The Public is invited to participate

.Introduced

AUG 0 3 1995

TWENTY-THIRD GUAM LEGISLATURE 1995 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. <u>295</u> (L5)

Introduced by:

M. Forbes

A. C. Lamorena V^C

E. Barrett-Anderson

AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO 9 GCA RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TESTING, ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED AND INVOLVED IN THE GUAM CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AS A MEANS OF REDUCING RECIDIVISM, ADDRESSING OFFENDERS AS A HIGH RISK GROUP, AND REDUCING SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND ITS DELETERIOUS EFFECTS IN THE TERRITORY OF GUAM .

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

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Section 1. A new Chapter 88 is added to 9 GCA to read:

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"CHAPTER 88 CRIMINAL JUSTICE SUBSTANCE ABUSE ACT

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§ 88. 10. Short Title. This act may be cited as the "Criminal Justice System Substance Abuse Act of 1995."

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§ 88. 11. Legislative Declaration. The Legislature hereby declares that substance abuse, specifically the abuse of alcohol and controlled substances, is a major problem in the criminal justice system of the Territory of Guam and in the entire Territory. Substance abuse is a significant factor in the commission of crimes and it is a significant factor in impeding the rehabilitation of persons convicted of crimes which results in an increased rate of recidivism. Therefore, the Legislature

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hereby resolves to curtail the disastrous effects of substance abuse in the criminal justice system and to improve and standardize substance abuse treatment for offenders at each stage of the criminal justice system and to provide punitive measures for offenders who refuse to cooperate with and respond to substance abuse treatment while such offenders are involved with the criminal justice system.

§ 88. 20. Substance Abuse Assessment: Standardized Procedure.

- (a) The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, the Guam Police Department and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse shall cooperate to develop and implement the following:
- (1) A standardized procedure for the assessment of the use of controlled substances by offenders, which procedure shall include the administration of a chemical test of such offender for the presence of controlled substances or such other test of the offender for the presence of controlled substances or alcohol as deemed appropriate by the agency which has supervision of the particular offender (hereinafter called the "supervising agency"). The assessment procedure developed pursuant to this paragraph shall provide an evaluation of the extent of an offender's abuse of substances, if any, and recommend treatment which is appropriate to the needs of the particular offender.
- (2) A system of programs for education and treatment of abuse of substances which can be utilized by offenders who are placed on probation, incarcerated with the Department of Corrections, placed on parole, or placed in community corrections. The programs developed pursuant to this paragraph shall be as flexible as possible so that such programs may be utilized by each particular offender to the extent appropriate to that offender. The programs developed pursuant to this paragraph shall be structured in such manner that the programs provide a continuum of education and treatment programs for each offender as he proceeds through the criminal justice system and may include, but shall not be limited to, attendance at self-help groups, group counseling, individual counseling, outpatient treatment, inpatient treatment, day care, or treatment in a therapeutic community. Also, such programs shall be developed in such a manner that, to the extent possible, the programs may be accessed by all offenders in the criminal justice system. Any programs developed pursuant to this paragraph shall include a system of periodic or random chemical testing for the presence of controlled substances or alcohol, or such other testing as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection (a). The frequency of such testing shall be that which is appropriate to the particular offender

in accordance with the offender's assessment performed pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection (a).

- (3) A system of punitive sanctions for offenders who test positive for the use of substances subsequent to the initial test and after being placed in an education or treatment program. The sanctions developed pursuant to this paragraph should allow for appropriate responses by the criminal justice system to each occurrence of a positive test by an offender, each of which shall become a permanent part of the offender's record.
- (b) The procedures for assessment, treatment, and sanctions required to be developed by subsection (a) of this section shall be implemented only to the extent moneys are available in the Drug Treatment and Enforcement Fund, provided that in all cases persons referred or ordered to receive assessment, treatment or sanctions shall do so at their own expense, unless they are indigent.
- (c) The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, the Guam Police Department and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse shall cooperate to develop a schedule of fees sufficient to cover the costs of assessment, testing and treatment as required by this section. All persons referred or ordered to receive assessment, testing or treatment shall be made to pay for such, in accordance with the fee schedule, except in such cases where the person is determined to be indigent.

§ 88. 30. Substance Abuse Assessment Required for Convicted Felons and Controlled Substance Offenders.

- (a) Each person convicted of a felony committed on or after the effective date of this act who is to be considered for probation, shall be required, as part of the presentence or probation investigation, to submit to an assessment for the use of controlled substances or alcohol developed pursuant to Section 3 (a) (1). The Court shall order such person to comply with the recommendations of such assessment as a condition of probation, at the person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.
- (b) Each person convicted of a misdemeanor involving the abuse of any substance, the abuse of which is considered illegal under Guam law, which was committed on or after the effective date of this act shall be required to submit to an alcohol and drug evaluation. The Court shall order such person to comply with the recommendations of such evaluation, at the person's own expense unless such person is indigent. If such person is sentenced to probation, such person shall be

ordered to comply with the recommendations as a condition of probation at such person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.

 (c) The assessment required by subsection (a) of this section or the evaluation required by subsection (b) of this section shall be at the expense of the person assessed or evaluated, unless such person is indigent.

§ 88. 35. Sentencing of Felons: Parole of Felons: Treatment and Testing Based Upon Assessment Required.

- (a) Each person sentenced by the court for a felony committed on or after the effective date of this act shall be required, as part of any sentence to probation, community corrections, or incarceration with the Department of Corrections, to undergo periodic testing and treatment for substance abuse which is appropriate to such person based upon the recommendations of the assessment made pursuant to Section 4 of this act, or based upon any subsequent recommendations by the Department of Corrections or the Superior Court of Guam, whichever is appropriate. Any such testing or treatment shall be at such person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.
- (b) Each person placed on parole by the Territorial Parole Board on or after the effective date of this act, shall be required, as a condition of such parole, to undergo periodic testing and treatment for substance abuse which is appropriate to such person based upon the recommendations of the assessment made pursuant to Section 4 of this act, or any assessment or subsequent reassessment made regarding such person during his incarceration or any period of parole. Any such testing or treatment shall be at such person's own expense, unless such person is indigent.

§ 88. 40. Departments Develop Testing Programs: Punitive Sanctions.

- (a) The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse, the Department of Corrections, and the Territorial Parole Board, shall cooperate to develop programs for the periodic testing of offenders under the jurisdiction of each agency and programs for the periodic reassessment of appropriate treatment and testing made in the initial substance abuse assessment required by Section 4 of this act, or any subsequent reassessment.
- (b) Any offender who tests positive for the use of alcohol or controlled substances subsequent to the initial test required by Section 4 of this act shall be subjected to a punitive sanction. The Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections and the Territorial Parole Board shall cooperate to develop and make public a range of punitive sanctions for those offenders under the jurisdiction of each agency which are appropriate to the offenders supervised by each particular

agency. Such punitive sanctions shall be formulated in such a way as to promote fairness and consistency in the treatment of offenders and may include, but shall not be limited to, increases in the level of an offender's supervision, increases in the use of electronic monitoring of an offender, loss of earned time granted pursuant to any appropriate local law or program, and referral to the offender to the court or the Territorial Parole Board for re-sentencing or revocation of probation or parole. It is the intent of the legislature that any offender's test which is positive for the use of controlled substances or alcohol shall result in an intensified level of testing, treatment, supervision, or other sanctions designed to control abuse of substances for such offender.

- (c) The Superior Court, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, and the Department of mental Health and Substance Abuse shall cooperate to develop a range of incentives for offenders under the jurisdiction of each particular agency to discontinue abuse of alcohol or controlled substances.
- (d) No later than six (6) months after the effective date of this act, the Territorial Parole Board shall develop and make public guidelines for the revocation of parole due to the abuse of alcohol or controlled substances in violation of this act.
- § 88. 50. Samples for Testing of Offenders. Any type of sample for the chemical testing of any offender for the presence of controlled substances or alcohol pursuant to this act may be collected from such offender by his probation officer, parole officer, case manager within the Department of Corrections, or any contract provider of testing services.
- § 88. 51. Drug Treatment and Enforcement Fund. There is established a Drug Treatment and Enforcement Fund, which shall be maintained by the Department of Administration separately from the General Fund or any other fund of the government of Guam. All funds collected from fines levied against offenders convicted of any offense involving the illegal possession, illegal possession with the intent to distribute, illegal importation or illegal manufacture of any controlled substance as defined in Chapter 97, 9 GCA, shall be deposited in this fund.
- § 88. 60. Report to the Legislature. On or before September 1, 1996, the Superior Court of Guam, the Department of Corrections, the Territorial Parole Board, the Guam Police Department and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse shall jointly make a report to a committee meeting of the Guam Legislature's standing committee with appropriate oversight (as designated by the Legislative Committee on Rules) regarding the implementation of this act, the

- 1 results of the programs created by this act including any reduction in substance
- 2 abuse by offenders while incarcerated, the standardized procedures developed
- 3 pursuant to this act, and the number and kinds of punitive sanctions imposed upon
- 4 offender pursuant to this act. "